

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 2	<p>Place Value Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words.</p> <p>Recognise the place value of each digit in a two digit number (tens, ones)</p> <p>Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations including the number line.</p> <p>Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs.</p> <p>Use place value and number facts to solve problems.</p> <p>Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward.</p> <p>Addition and Subtraction Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.</p> <p>Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two twodigit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers. Recording addition and subtraction in columns supports place value and prepares for formal written methods with larger numbers.</p>	<p>Multiplication and Division Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.</p> <p>Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs.</p> <p>Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.</p> <p>Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.</p> <p>Statistics Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.</p> <p>Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.</p> <p>Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.</p> <p>Geometry – Properties of Shape Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.</p> <p>Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.</p>	<p>Geometry – Position and Direction Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).</p> <p>Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.</p> <p>Measurement – Length and Height Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.</p> <p>Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.</p> <p>Measurement – Time Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.</p> <p>Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.</p> <p>Compare and sequence intervals of time.</p>

Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.

Solve problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.

Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

Pupils extend their understanding of the language of addition and subtraction to include sum and difference.

Measurement – Money

Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value.

Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money.

Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.

Multiplication and Division

Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.

Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid.]

Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.

Fractions

Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity.

Write simple fractions for example $\frac{1}{2}$ of $6 = 3$ and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.

Pupils use fractions as 'fractions of' discrete and continuous quantities by solving problems using shapes, objects and quantities. They connect unit fractions to equal sharing and grouping, to numbers when they can be calculated, and to measures, finding fractions of lengths, quantities, sets of objects or $\frac{3}{4}$

shapes. They meet as the first example of a non-unit fraction.

Pupils should count in fractions up to 10, starting from

any number and using the and equivalence on the number line (for example, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$). This reinforces the concept of fractions as numbers and that they can add up to more than 1

Mass, Capacity and Temperature

Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.

Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>$, $<$ and $=$

Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals ($=$) sign.

Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.

Show that the multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot.