



Year 3 PSHE Planning

Guidance

- Each term, there should be a minimum of 9 lessons. Some topics may only require one lesson whereas others may require several.
- Each topic should begin with a baseline activity which should be followed up/added to at a later time to show learning. This could be an individual/group/whole class activity.
- Work should be recorded in individual PSHE books or in the class journal. This book will follow pupils throughout the school.
- There are links included for each of the topics and some resources have already been saved to the M-Drive under *PSHE-Resources-Y5-Autumn/Spring/Summer*.
- If you find other resources, please add them to your resource folder as this will help others in the future.
- With regard to SMSC specifically, please include 2 sessions of meditation per term from 'My Heart Room'. 'Sitting still like a frog' (shorter sessions) can be used as starters or even in assemblies. These should be used weekly.
- Please continue to have WonderWalls in your rooms as well as Worry Boxes.
- Finally, there is a page at the end of this document with a list of the many sites that I have found to be useful.

Autumn Term

Core Theme: Health and Wellbeing

Key Areas	Big Questions	Topics
Healthy Lifestyles	What can we do to stay healthy?	What makes a balanced diet, opportunities for making own choices with food, what influences their food choices; habits; bacteria, viruses, hygiene, why keep active
Growing and Changing	How do we grow and change?	Recognising what they are good at; setting goals. Describing feelings; conflicting feelings and how to manage feelings; change, transitions
Keeping Safe	What can we do to stay safe?	School rules on health and safety; basic emergency aid; advice, support, asking for help; safety online, personal info, passwords

Healthy Lifestyles

Top	oics:	What makes a balanced diet, opportunities for	Big Question: What can we do to stay healthy?	
		making own choices with food, what influences their		
		food choices; habits; bacteria, viruses, hygiene; why		
		keep active (covered through Science)		
The	e learner v	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
•	Identify wha Identify wha Recognise w	hat makes a balanced diet t food they think should be eaten regularly to maintain good health t or who helps them decide what to eat and drink hen they have opportunities to make choices about food and drink t they need to consider when making these choices	 What does a balanced diet look like? What do we know about healthy eating and how it can help keep our bodies healthy? Who makes the choices for us about what we eat and drink? What choices are we able to make for ourselves? Are these always the right choices? What helps us to choose? 	https://www.twinkl.co.uk/reso urce/t-cfe-p-28-cfe-first-level- personal-hygiene-powerpoint - Twinkl https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize /topics/zrffr82/articles/zppvv4j - Balanced Diet
•	Identify som	t a habit is its that help us and habits that do not e examples of healthy habits hat although it can be difficult, unhelpful habits can be changed or stopped	 Can habits be good or not so good for us? How can habits make us feel? Can habits be stopped? 	https://www.tes.com/teaching- resource/food-and-nutrition- year-3-11011174 - M-Drive
•	Explain how Describe sim Explain how	germs (bacteria and viruses) are and that they can sometimes cause illnesses bacteria and viruses can be passed on from one person to another uple hygiene routines that reduce the spread of bacteria and viruses they can be responsible for helping to stop the spread of germs that negatively own and others health	 What are germs, bacteria and viruses? What can we do to help stop viruses and bacteria from spreading to others? What daily routines help this? Where or when is it especially important to keep good hygiene standards? 	- Ten:Ten - LKS2 – Module 1

Growing and Changing

Topics:	Recognising what they are good at; setting goal; Describing feelings; conflicting feelings and how to manage feelings; change, transitions	Big Question: What can we do to stay healthy?	
The learner	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
Describe the describe and achieved the describe services	their achievements and describe what they are proud of he different ways achievements can be celebrated spirations for the end of term/school year and how they will know if they have hem teps they can take to improve w making mistakes along the way can help them to learn	 What have we achieved that we are most proud of? How do celebrate achievements? How does it feel to try something new? How does it feel to do something difficult? How does it feel to make a mistake? What would we like to achieve by the end of year 3? How many ways can we describe different feelings? 	https://www.twinkl.co.uk/r esource/t2-lf-502- pshe-and-citizenship- y3-aiming-high-lesson- 2-goals-lesson-pack - Twinkl https://mindmatechampio
 Use a scale Describe h Recognise change) Recognise 	range of different feelings (good and not so good) e of intensity to help describe different feelings low different feelings are experienced in their bodies that people can also have lots of different feelings all at once (such as at times of the importance of sharing their feelings lime positive ways of doing this	 How many ways can we describe different feelings? How can we describe feeling not so good, feeling very good, feeling somewhere in-between? How do different feelings feel in our bodies? Can we feel different emotions all at once? How can we acknowledge our feelings? What can we do to feel better when we have not so good feelings? What types of change happens in people's lives? 	ns.org.uk/wp- content/uploads/2017/ 04/Strong-Emotions- Y3-lesson-plan.pdf - M-Drive https://www.twinkl.co.uk/r esource/cfe-p-137- change-and-loss- powerpoint - Twinkl
 Recognise as sadness Identify wl manage fe Recognise some ways 	ples of when someone might experience change (at school) that change might bring a variety of feelings, including not so good feelings (such sor worry) hat people can do to help manage the changes they might experience and how to relings to help themselves feel better the importance of sharing and expressing feelings about change or loss, and sof doing this eathy towards others	 Does change always feel good? What sorts of feelings can change or loss bring? How can we help ourselves to feel ok? How can we help others to feel better? 	- Ten:Ten - LKS2 – Module 1

Keeping Safe

Topics:	School rules on health and safety, basic emergency aid; advice, support, asking for help; safety online, personal info, passwords	Big Question: What can we do to stay safe	??
The learner	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
 Give reason Describe while Explain whee Explain whee Give examposituations Give examposituations Recognise to Identify different followed while Recognise to Give examposituations 	that an image (or text) might be shared to many people, even though it was only sent son to tell and how to report it if they see something upsetting or something feels	 Who is responsible for us at school? Why are there rules at school and why do we need to adhere to them? What are our responsibilities for keeping safe at school? What should we do if we feel unsafe or uncertain at school? What is an emergency? Where do we get help from? Who is responsible for keeping us safe and healthy – at school, at home and outdoors? How do these people help us to keep safe and healthy? What can we help them to do this? What does being responsible for ourselves mean? Why are there online safety rules? Who or what helps keep us safe online? If a person tried to make you do something you feel is unsafe, what could you do? Who can we ask for help? 	http://www.primaryresources .co.uk/pshe/pdfs/11safet y.PDF - M-Drive https://lifeliveit.redcross.org. uk/ - First Aid https://youngminds.org.uk/m edia/3237/who-supports- me-activity.pdf - Support Networks M-Drive https://www.saferinternet.or g.uk/advice- centre/young- people/resources-3-11s - Ten:Ten - LKS2 — Module 2

Spring Term

Core Theme: Relationships

Key Areas	Big Questions	Topics
Feelings and emotions	How do we feel?	Recognising feelings in others, responding to how others are feeling; confidentiality, surprises, secrets, personal safety
Healthy Relationships	What makes happy, healthy relationships?	Positive, healthy relationships and friendships, family, maintaining friendship; actions affect ourselves and others; working collaboratively; touch, acceptable and unacceptable
Valuing difference	How are we the same/different?	Recognising and responding to bullying; listening, viewpoints, opinions, respect; stereotypes

Feelings and emotions

Topics:	Recognising feelings in others; responding to how	Big Question: How do we feel?	
	others are feeling; confidentiality, surprises, secrets;		
	to recognise and manage dares		
The learner	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
 Identify how Describe how Suggest how Identify who Identify tim Recognise to the themselves Explain that 	les of a wider range of feelings (building on learning in years 1 and 2) of people's bodies and faces can show their feelings of w different feelings can make people behave of to respond to others to help them with their feelings of someone might need help with their feelings and who to talk to at it means to keep something confidential or secret of sees when confidentiality might be important that no one (including adults) should ask them to keep a secret that might be hurtful (to or others) or unsafe and they should not agree to do so if someone does ask them to keep a secret that might be hurtful or unsafe they should they trust, such as a teacher	 How do other people show their feelings? Can we tell what they are feeling even if they don't say anything? What can we do to help other people? How do we feel when someone is in our body space? Does it depend on who is in our body space? How does our body/mind warn us when someone gets too close? How can we tell when others are feeling comfortable or uncomfortable about their body space? 	http://www.nicurriculum.org.uk/d ocs/key stages 1 and 2/areas of learning/pdmu/livinglearningtoge ther/year3/yr3_unit2.pdf - M- Drive https://www.hft.org.uk/wp- content/uploads/2017/08/Good- Secrets-and-Bad-Secrets- Activity.pdf - Secrets - M-Drive
 Explain wha Describe fee Suggest 'da Identify per Demonstrat 	t a 'dare' is elings they may have about being given a 'dare' or daring someone else res' that are ok and explain when 'dares' may not be ok suasive language that might be used if someone is daring someone else to do something the how to say 'No' to a dare they feel unsure about to they can go to /talk to if they are worried	 What should we someone do if someone is touching us in ways we don't like, or making us feel hurt of uncomfortable in any way? How do our bodies react when we feel uncertain, unsafe or worried? Who might people try to persuade others to do something they feel uncertain about? What can someone do they feel under pressure to do something they feel uncertain about? Who can help? 	https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/secrets-pshe-ks2-11809642 - M-Drive file:///C:/Users/jwallace/Downloads/19739-would-you-dare-discussion-activity.pdf - M-Drive - Ten:Ten - LKS2 - Module 2

Healthy Relationships

Topics:	Positive, healthy relationships and friendships; family, maintaining friendship; actions affect ourselves and	Big Question: What makes happy, healthy relationships?	
	others; working collaboratively; touch, acceptable and unacceptable		
The learner	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
friends, neigh Describe how Describe how Identify what	ypes of relationship they have with those who are important to them (e.g.: family, abours etc) y people in different relationships show they care for and value each other y people can make friends with others makes a friendship good and how they know eful ways to solve problems that might arise in friendships	 Who might be included in someone's network of special people? How do people show they value and care for each other? What makes a good friend? How do we feel when we fall out with our special people? What strategies can we use to solve problems in our relationships? Win-win? Giving in? 	http://www.primaryresources.co. uk/pshe/pshe1.htm - M-Drive https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resourc e/t2-lf-44-pshe-and-citizenship-y3- team-lesson-3-working-together-
 Identify action Identify action Describe how Identify why i Describe wha Give example groups 	one person's actions can affect another person, or a group of people insight would affect others positively insight would affect others negatively a person's actions can affect the person themselves it is important to 'think before we act' it a shared goal means in terms of group and class shared goals it is of skills needed by individuals to co-operate when working with others in essential attributes that are needed to work collaboratively	 Who will this affect? How might it affect them? Will this be positive or negative? What might happen if we 'think before we act'? What helps groups to work well together? How do people need to behave to work well together? What skills does each member of the group need? 	https://www.egfl.org.uk/sites/def ault/files/School_effectiveness/He alth- improvement/MHWB/NOrth%20S omerset%20Council%20document .pdf – M-Drive
 Explain that e respect other Explain why it them or toucl Recognise physical Explain why it 	we like someone to sit beside us, to hold our hand, to cuddle us or kiss us everyone has a right to have their 'body space' respected and that they should as body space to make anyone feel uncomfortable or confused by being too close to hing them in ways they don't like ysical contact that is aggressive or hurtful is not acceptable to someone they trust if anyone makes them feel fortable or confused	 How do we feel when someone is in our body space? Does it depend on who is in our body space? How does our body/mind warn us when someone gets too close? How can we tell when others are feeling comfortable or uncomfortable about their body space? What should we someone do if someone is touching us in ways we don't like, or making us feel hurt of uncomfortable in any way? 	Module 2

Valuing difference

Topics:	Recognising and responding to bullying; listening,	Big Question: How are we the same/differ	rent?
	viewpoints, opinions, respect; stereotypes		
The learner	r will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
 Give a defi Identify ho online) Describe ho Describe so Explain the happening 	what changes when 'joking' or 'playful teasing' becomes hurtful to another nition of 'bullying' www, where and when where hurtful teasing and bullying can happen (including ow teasing, bullying and aggression can make someone feel ome ways of responding if they experience or witness bullying importance of telling someone if they know (or think they know) this is no to ask for help or report to, what to say and what will happen next	 Is being angry with someone or not liking someone the same as bullying? How do we recognise bullying? How might the words we use make someone feel bullied? How could being bullied affect someone and their special people? How could being a bully affect someone and their special people? What could we do if we think bullying is happening, even if we are not sure? 	Resources on M-Drive https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resourc e/t2-lf-46-pshe-and-citizenship-y3- team-lesson-4-being-considerate- lesson-pack https://www.tes.com/teaching- resource/i-am-learning-to-be-a- good-listener-6373511
RecogniseIdentify ho	what good listening looks like some ways they can express their own viewpoints constructively ow to respond sensitively if they do not agree with what is being said by others rate working and discussing in groups and ensuring everyone's view is included	 How can we show that we value and respect people? How do we listen respectfully? What can we do if someone says something we don't agree with? 	https://www.teachprimary.com/le arning_resources/view/pshe- lesson-plan-challenging- stereotypes
RecogniseGive exam	aple definition of what is meant by 'stereotype' e some different kinds of stereotypes (such as gender stereotypes) aples of when stereotypes are challenged thy stereotyping can lead to problems	 What do people say that girls / boys like / like to do? How they are? Are all girls / boys like that? Is it true only boys do some things and girls do other? What jobs would we like to do when we are older? Why do we need to challenge stereotypes? 	

Summer Term

Core Theme: Living in the Wider World

Key Areas	Big Questions	Topics
Rights and Responsibilities	What are your rights and responsibilities?	Human rights, children's rights; people, places, values, customs; diversity, identity, UK; rules, laws, making and changing rules;
Environment	How can we look after our world?	Responsibilities; rights and duties, home and school environment
Money	What can you do with money?	Enterprise; what it means; developing skills in enterprise (CROSS YEAR-GROUP PROJECT WITH YEAR 6); spending, saving, budgeting

Rights and responsibilities

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Human rights, children's rights; people, places, values, customs; diversity, identity, UK, communities; rules, laws, making and changing rules

Big Question: What are your rights and responsibilities?

Tuics		
The learner will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
 Explain that human rights are there to protect everyone and this is why they exist Identify some of the rights of the child (UN Declarations of the Rights of the Child) Describe how some of the Rights of the Child relate to their daily lives Explain why they think the Rights of the Child are important Recognise the importance of people speaking out about human rights 	 What is a basic human right? Why are human rights important? Why do children have special human rights? 	Resources on M-Drive https://plprimarystars.com/resour ces/roarfordiversitypack https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resourc e/t2-lf-15-pshe-and-citizenship-y3-
 Identify that people living in the UK come from different origins Recognise that people have moved to the UK from all around the world at different times and for different reasons Recognise that people also move from the UK to other places in the world Identify some of the different religious and ethnic identities of people living in the UK Participate in celebrating the range of different identities and cultures in the UK Give an examples of their own family/community customs or traditions Explain why these are important or special Identify different traditions that relate to birth, growing up and food Compare their own traditions to those of people in other places and say how they are similar 	 How can we tell that there are many kinds of people in our community? How can we celebrate the rich diversity of the UK? What traditions are special to people? Do different people share the same or similar traditions? How can we show respect for other's customs and traditions? 	britain-lesson-1-living-in-britain-lesson-pack https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resourc e/t2-lf-19-pshe-and-citizenship-y3-britain-lesson-3-rules-laws-and-responsibilities-lesson-pack https://www.beaumont.croydon.s ch.uk/wp-content/uploads/2017/01/British-
 or different Identify how we show respect for the views and beliefs of others * Give reasons and practical examples for why different rules are needed in different situations • Give reasons for why rules and laws are made and why they are important • Identify what might happen if rules and laws are broken work with others to develop and agree rules 	 Why do we have rules (in school / at home / at the swimming pool)? Why are there laws? What could happen if people don't follow the rules / laws? What rules are important for us in different places (e.g. in class / on the football pitch / on the roads)? 	Values-Primary-Lessons.pdf – M-Drive - Ten:Ten - LKS2 – Module 3

Environment

Topics:	Responsibilities; rights and duties, home and school environment	Big Question: How can we look after our v	world?
The learner	will be able to:	Key Questions	Links and Resources
 Identify righten environment Recognise to Describe how 	o is responsible for things at school, at home and in the environment alts and responsibilities they have in the context of school, home and the lat the skills required to carry out their responsibilities we to feels to be responsible tions of how they can make a difference to local and world-wide environment.	 How, at home or school, are we increasingly responsible for ourselves? How do we feel about our responsibilities? How should people behave about their rights and responsibilities? 	https://www.tes.com/teaching-resource/caring-for-our-world-our-responsibility-6040482 – M-Drive https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zp22pv4/articles/z2md82p-video https://www.wwf.org.uk/get-involved/schools/resources#age

Money

Topics:	Enterprise; what it means; developing skills in enterprise (CROSS YEAR-GROUP PROJECT WITH YEAR 6); spending, saving, budgeting	Big Question: What can you do with mone	
The learner will be able to:		Key Questions	Links and Resources
something (e Give exampl toy sales, fur Describe or o these events Explain wh Explain how electronica Identify ho how much they have I	hat being enterprising is about having an idea, developing it and gaining e.g. money) from doing so les of being enterprising in school (e.g. eco council growing and selling produce, ndraising events) demonstrate some of the skills that are needed to help to raise / make money at s ny we need money w people can pay for things in a range of ways (cash, credit/debit cards, cheques, ally, online) by people can keep track money such as by keeping financial records (to know they have saved or spent) and how this can help them budget (know how much left to save or spend) at people can choose what to buy / where and how to save money hat helps people think or know they are getting the best deal	 What skills do people have that help them make money or help others? Why might individuals or families need or choose to spend their money in different ways? How do people keep track of their money? What is the best deal? 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z8yv4wx https://www.twinkl.co.uk/resource/t2-lf-441-pshe-and-citizenship-year-3-money-matters-lesson-4-lesson-pack

Debates, topical issues - Newsround, WonderWalls	https://www.mentallyhealthyschools.org.uk/resources/	
https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/support-for- parents/underwear-rule/	http://www.primaryresources.co.uk/pshe/pshe.htm	
https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/online-safety/	https://www.egfl.org.uk/sites/default/files/School_effectiveness/Health-improvement/MHWB/NOrth%20Somerset%20Council%20document.pdf	
https://www.sexeducationforum.org.uk/resources/whole-school-approach-	https://www.childnet.com/teachers-and-professionals	
rse-audit-tool	https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/primary/zd7p47h	
http://www.anxietyuk.org.uk/	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zmpfb9q - KS1	
https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/content/government-equalities-office-anti-homophobic	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/levels/zbr9wmn – KS2	
https://www.foodafactoflife.org.uk/	https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/research-resources/schools/share-aware-teaching/	
https://plprimarystars.com/for-schools	https://mediasmart.uk.com/primary-resources/	
http://www.nicurriculum.org.uk/docs/key stages 1 and 2/areas of learning/pdmu/livinglearningtogether/year6/llt 6 Unit 3.pdf	http://www.nottinghamschools.org.uk/media/1169972/ks2-jed-ted-lessonplanslr.pdf	
https://www.nutrition.org.ukxWfMRO- 1WJNq2MLK5u5 EonI5licEnuYDwJKfVXD5qcUKyeHp4w6rK7D8nYYHuOvV-	https://www.wwf.org.uk/get-involved/schools/resources#age	
<u>bvOpxtKM</u>	http://sealcommunity.org/resource-panel	
https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/secondary-education-resources/lesson-plan-ideas/lesson-1-actions-and-consequences	https://www.gogivers.org/lessons/	
https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/primary-education-resources	https://natwest.mymoneysense.com/teachers/resources-8-12s/	
	https://www.theguardian.com/newswise-unit-of-work	